

## **Cumberland County** <sup>[1]</sup>



Average: 3.4 (67 votes)

Cumberland County



<sup>[2]</sup>

### **CUMBERLAND COUNTY GOVERNMENT:**

<https://www.cumberlandcountync.gov/> <sup>[2]</sup>

**COUNTY SEAT:** Fayetteville

**FORMED:** 1754

**FORMED FROM:** Bladen

**LAND AREA:** 652.32 square miles

**2020 POPULATION ESTIMATE:** 334,728

White: 51.1%

Black/African American: 39.6%

American Indian: 1.9%

Asian: 2.7%

Pacific Islander: 0.4%

Two or more races: 4.8%

Hispanic/Latino: 12.1% (of any race)

From *State & County QuickFacts*, US Census Bureau, 2020. <sup>[3]</sup>

**CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:** 8TH, 9TH

### **BIOGRAPHIES FOR**



<sup>[4]</sup>

[Cumberland County](#) <sup>[4]</sup>



<sup>[5]</sup>

### **WILDLIFE PROFILES FOR**

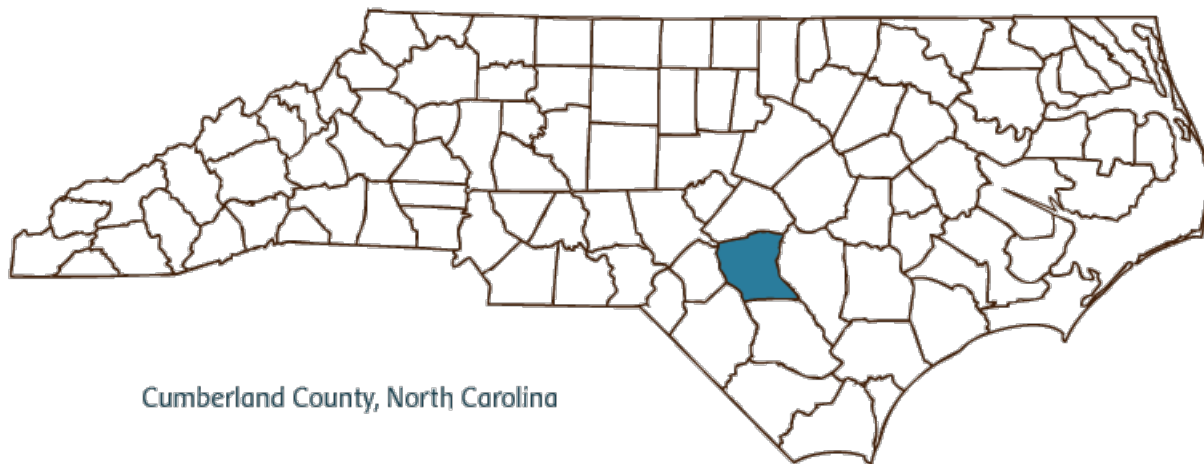
[Coastal Plain](#) <sup>[5]</sup>

### **GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION**

**REGION:** [Coastal Plain](#) <sup>[6]</sup>

**RIVER BASIN:** [Cape Fear](#) <sup>[7]</sup>, [Map](#) <sup>[8]</sup>

**NEIGHBORING COUNTIES:** [Bladen](#) <sup>[9]</sup>, [Harnett](#) <sup>[10]</sup>, [Hoke](#) <sup>[11]</sup>, [Moore](#) <sup>[12]</sup>, [Robeson](#) <sup>[13]</sup>, [Sampson](#) <sup>[14]</sup>



Cumberland County, North Carolina

See also: [North Carolina Counties](#) <sup>[15]</sup> (to access links to NCpedia articles for all 100 counties); [Averasboro, Battle of](#) <sup>[16]</sup>; [Fort Bragg](#) <sup>[17]</sup>; [Museum of the Cape Fear](#) <sup>[18]</sup>.

by Robert Blair Vocci, 2006

Cumberland County, located in North Carolina's [Coastal Plain](#) <sup>[6]</sup> region, was formed from [Bladen County](#) <sup>[9]</sup> in 1754. Its name is derived from the title of Prince William Augustus, the duke of Cumberland, the son of King George II who was the victorious commander at the Battle of Culloden in 1746. In 1778 Campbellton, consolidated with nearby Cross Creek, was designated the county seat, and in 1783 the town was renamed [Fayetteville](#) <sup>[20]</sup> in honor of the Marquis de Lafayette, the French general who fought for American independence during the [Revolutionary War](#) <sup>[21]</sup>. Other communities in the county include Falcon, Godwin, [Hope Mills](#) <sup>[22]</sup>, Linden, Spring Lake, Stedman, and [Wade](#) <sup>[23]</sup>.

The area that became Cumberland County was first settled by [Highland Scots](#) <sup>[24]</sup> in the late 1720s. It remained largely undeveloped, however, through the early twentieth century, when construction began on a U.S. military training camp in the northwest corner of the county. Upon its completion in early 1919, Camp (later Fort) Bragg, named after native North Carolinian and Confederate general [Braxton Bragg](#) <sup>[25]</sup>, quickly established close ties with the nearby Fayetteville community. As the base swelled to become one of the largest military installations in the country, Fayetteville experienced significant growth and commercialization to accommodate the military personnel and their families; in the process, Cumberland County rose to become the fifth-most-populous county in North Carolina, with a population estimated at nearly 311,000 in 2004.

Cumberland County's historic landmarks and institutions include the Averasboro Battlefield and Museum, site of the Civil War battle of March 1865; and Fayetteville's Museum of the Cape Fear, Airborne and Special Operations Museum, [82nd Airborne Division War Memorial Museum](#) <sup>[26]</sup>, and Fayetteville Museum of Art. County agricultural products include [tobacco](#) <sup>[27]</sup>, corn, soybeans, cotton, peanuts, beef cattle, and chickens. Cumberland County facilities manufacture textiles, brick and concrete products, metal products, plastics, power tools, and other items.

## Annotated history of Cumberland County's formation:

For an annotated history of the county's formation, with the laws affecting the county, boundary lines and changes, and other origin information, visit these references in *The Formation of the North Carolina Counties* (Corbitt, 2000), available online at North Carolina Digital Collections (note, there may be additional items of interest for the county not listed here):

County formation history: <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-ca...> <sup>[28]</sup>

Index entry for the county: <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-ca...> <sup>[29]</sup>

### References:

Roy Parker Jr., *Cumberland County: A Brief History* (1990).

### Additional resources:

Corbitt, David Leroy. 2000. *The formation of the North Carolina counties, 1663-1943*. <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-carolina-counties-1663-1943/3692099?item=4553233> <sup>[30]</sup> (accessed June 20, 2017).

Cumberland County Government: <https://www.cumberlandcountync.gov/> <sup>[2]</sup>

Fayetteville-Cumberland County Chamber of Commerce: <https://faybiz.com/> <sup>[31]</sup>

DigitalNC, Cumberland County: <https://www.digitalnc.org/counties/cumberland-county/> <sup>[32]</sup>

North Carolina Digital Collections (explore by place, time period, format):<https://digital.ncdcr.gov> [33]

### Image credits:

Rudersdorf, Amy. 2010. "NC County Maps." Government & Heritage Library, State Library of North Carolina.

### Subjects:

Counties [34]

### From:

Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press.[35]

### Authors:

Vocci, Robert Blair [36]

### Origin - location:

Cumberland County [37]

1 January 2006 | Vocci, Robert Blair

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**Source URL:**<https://www.ncpedia.org/geography/cumberland>

### Links

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