Nat Turner’s Rebellion (Intro)

In August 1831, a man named Nat Turner led an uprising of enslaved people in Southampton, Virginia, that resulted in the deaths of fifty-five white people and hundreds of black people. In the weeks that followed, the fear of further insurrections of enslaved people spread across eastern North Carolina. Newspapers reported rumors as fact. White militias and mobs hunted down black people believed to be involved in insurrection plots and arrested or murdered them.

The primary sources in this chapter include newspaper articles, a letter, excerpts from a diary, and a memoir, all describing the events of Nat Turner’s Rebellion and what followed in North Carolina. These sources are as interesting for what they don’t tell us as for what they do. We’ll evaluate the facts, opinions, and rumors they offer, and we’ll trace the way fear and hysteria can spread through a community. We’ll also consider where North Carolina stood as an enslavement society at the close of 1831.

Section Contents

- Nat Turner’s Rebellion
- Mapping Rumors of Nat Turner’s Rebellion
- "Fear of Insurrection"
- Reporting on Nat Turner: The North Carolina Star, Sept. 1
- Reporting on Nat Turner: The Raleigh Register, Sept. 1
- Reporting on Nat Turner: The Raleigh Register, Sept. 15
- Insurrections in North Carolina?
- Hysteria in Wilmington
- "A sickening state of things"
- Remembering Nat Turner

User Tags:
Chapter Cover
history
Nat Turner
Nat Turner's Rebellion
North Carolina
North Carolina History
Students
Teachers
Creative Commons BY-NC-SA

From:
LEARN NC North Carolina History: A Digital Textbook
Copyright Date:
2009
Primary Sources:
These images of Nat Turner’s Rebellion appeared in a book published soon after the uprising.

3 January 2018

Source URL: https://www.ncpedia.org/anchor/nat-turners-rebellion-intro

Links
[1] https://ncpedia.org/media/horrid-massacre-virginia