Primary Source: The Murder of "Chicken" Stephens [1]

John Walter "Chicken" Stephens was a Republican state senator and justice of the peace from Caswell County. Stephens worked to encourage blacks to vote for the Republican Party, which infuriated many of his white neighbors, who considered him a scalawag -- a traitor to the South.

On Sunday morning, May 22, 1870, Stephens was found in a storeroom of the county courthouse, brutally murdered. It was assumed that the Klan had been responsible for the murder, and several Klansmen were arrested by state militia, questioned, and then released.

In 1871, Democrats again controlled the General Assembly, and they impeached Governor Holden and removed him from office. In 1872 and 1873 they passed amnesty laws that pardoned anyone who had committed any violation of state law, excepting only rape, in his duties as a member of a secret political organization such as the Ku Klux Klan. Some men who had been convicted of crimes were released, and Stephens' murderers were never brought to justice.

One of the men arrested after Stephens' murder, former Confederate Captain John Lea, was asked repeatedly in later years about his involvement. He supposedly answered each time, "You all can wait until I die." In 1919, Lea gave three state officials a statement about the murder, insisting that they pledge not to open the statement until Lea died.

When Lea finally died in 1935, the statement was made public. In it Lea had written that "Stephens had been tried for arson, and extortion, found guilty and sentenced to death by the KKK." Lea described the murder, named the twelve men responsible, and concluded that "Stephens had a fair trial before the jury of twelve men." Lea, like many members of the Ku Klux Klan, considered the Klan to be the rightful government of North Carolina during Republican rule in Reconstruction. And Lea, certainly, never regretted his actions.

Below is an excerpt from an article that was printed in the New York Times. The article reminded readers of the brutal nature of Stephens' murder, and asked, "Shall his assassins be amnestied?"

RALEIGH, N. C., FEB. 25 — ...Mr. Bowman, Republican... related from the sworn evidence of one of the parties present the particulars of the murder of Senator John W. Stephens, of Caswell, which occurred in June, 1870; and that warrants had been issued for the guilty parties. He stated that a public Democratic meeting was in progress in the court-house at Yanceyville, the county seat of Caswell; that Stephens was in attendance on that meeting; that a prominent Democrat of Caswell approached Stephens with a smile, and asked him to go down-stairs with him. Stephens assented [2], and they went into a room formerly occupied by the Clerk of the Court of Equity; that as soon as they entered the room the door was locked; that there were in the room eight white men and one negro. Stephens was surprised to find the room full of men, and was struck with horror when a rope, fixed as a lasso, was thrown over his neck from behind, and he was told by the spokesman of the Kuklux crowd that he must renounce of his Republican principles; that he believed they were right, and that the Republic would prosper if they were carried out; that he could not leave the country and State, because his all was there; that the colored people looked upon him as a leader, that they depended on him, and that he could not desert them. Stephens was then told that he must die. He then asked to be allowed to take a last look from the window of the office, at his home and any of his family that might be in view. The request was granted, and when Stephens stepped to the window he beheld his little home and his two little children playing in front of his house. He was then thrown down on a table, two of the Kuklux holding his arms. The rope was ordered to be drawn tighter, and the negro was ordered to get a bucket to catch the blood. This done, one of the crowd severed the jugular vein, the negro caught the blood in the bucket, and Stephens was dead. His body was laid on a pile of wood in the room, and the murderers went up-stairs, took part in the meeting, and stamped and applauded Democratic speeches.

Source Citation:

"Life in North Carolina: The Murder of Senator John W. Stephens -- A Terrible Scene -- Shall His Assassins Be Amnestied?" *New York Times*, February 26, 1873.

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2009 People:

John Walter "Chicken" Stephens [18]

Places:



Caswell County Courthouse in Yanceyville, NC[19] was the scene of the brutal murder of Senator John W. "Chicken" Stevens by the Ku Klux Klan in 1870.

For Teachers:



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Law Enforcer or Law Breaker? Governor Holden & the Kirk-Holden War Grade 10-12 Lesson Plan [20]

Related Topics:

Kirk-Holden War [21]

Primary Sources:

Affidavit of J. G. Hester [22] made before Judge Albion Tourgée in the Superior Court, Seventh Judicial District for Guilford County, NC, providing an account of information received about the identity of several men involved in the alleged murder of John Walter Stephens of Caswell County, NC on May 21, 1870.

Artifacts:

LIFE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Murder of Senator John W. Stephens-A Terrible Scene-Shall His Assassins Be Amnestici ?

Spread Inspatch to the New York Place

Rai gion, N. C., Feb. 25. The Amporty Mal Eddit, N. C., Fro. and John Mills and Was dis-cused to adjournment. Messes Watson and Morrison, Democrats, spoke in favor of the bill. Means. Marier and Bryan, of Allechapy, Democrais, opposed the bill upon the ground that it would encourage crime, retard immigration and rapital, and provoke had blood throughout the State. Mr Bowman, Republican, ctate. Mr Bowman, Republican, made an arroam, dispusationale appeal to the Hence not to pass the bits. He read from the Ammenty act, passed in 17th by the Legislature, at Hilb-bire, which contained a previae that persons suffly of willful and deliberate murder should not receive amounty and pardon. He also re-ferred to the banging of Whatt, an outlaw, on the fourthonse green in the town of traham, he then related from the saint evidence of one of the par-ties present the particulars of the murder of Secator John W. Siephens, or Cawell, which occurred in June, 1970, and that warrants had been lasted for the guilty parties. He stated that a public Democratic meeting was in prog-ress in the court-house at Yanceyville, the recenty seat of Caswell; that Stephe att-udance on that meeting; that a prominent Democrat of Caswell approached Stephens with a stuffe, and saked him to so down stars with hisphens sawoted, and they went into a room formerly occupied by the Clerk of the Court of Liquity, that se soon se they entered the rooms the door was lucked, that there were in the room eight white mee and one perro. Stephene was suppresed to End the room rati of men and was strock which horror when a rope, fired as a lasen, was thrown over his nock from belind, and he was told by the spukesman of the Kukiux growd that he must renounce his Republican principles, leave the country, or die. Hisphens said he sould not gran up his Republican principles; that he be-lieved they were right, and that the Republic would prosper if they were carried out . That he could not leave the country and State, because his n'l was there, that the colored people leaked upon him se a leader, that they depended on m, and that he could not descrit them. See plicus was then told that be most die. He then asked to be allowed to take a last look from the window of the office, at his home and any of his family that might be in view. The request was practed, and when Supplementally to the window he beheld his built home and his two little children playme in front of his home. He was then thrown down on a table, two of the Kukinx bolding his arms. The rope was ordered to be drawn tighter, and the negro was ordered to get a bucket to much the boost This done, our of the growd severed the luminar win, the negro caught the blood in the bucket, and Stephene was dead. His body was laid on a pile of wood in the room, and the murderers with operairs, took part is the meeting, and stamped and applicated Demo-

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Original (complete) article published in the New York Times

3 January 2018

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