Home > Poor Richard's Almanack, 1753. Man of Signs.

Poor Richard's Almanack, 1753. Man of Signs.

Poor Richard's Almanack, 1753. Man of Signs.

Transcript:

To know where the Sign is. First Find the Day of the Month, and against the Day you have the Sign or Place of the Moon in the 5th Column. Then finding the Sign here, it shews the Part of the Body it governs.

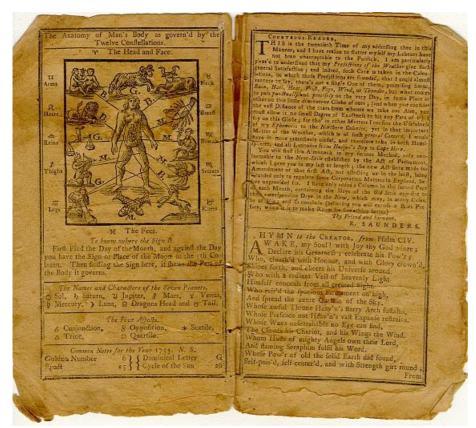
Courteous Reader,

This is the twentieth Time of my Addressing thee in this Manner, and I have reason to flatter myself my Labours have not been unacceptable to the Publick. I am particularly pleas'd to understand that my Predictions of the Weather give such general satisfaction; and indeed, such Car is taken in the Calculations, on which those Predictions are founded, that I could almost venture to say there's not a single One of them, promising Snow, Rain, Hail, Heat, Frost, Fogs, Winds, or Thunder, but what comes to pass punctually and precisely on the Day, in some Place or other on this little diminutive Globe of ours; (and when you consider the vast Distance of the Stars from whence we take our Aim, you must allow it no small Degree of Exactness to hit any Part of it) I say on this Globe; for tho' in other Matters I confine the Usefulness of my Ephemeris to the Northern Colonies, yet in that important matter of the Weather, which is of such general Concern, I would have it more extensively useful, and therefore take in both Hemi- spheres, and all Latitudes from Hudson's Bay to Cape Horn.

You will find this Almanack in my former Method, only conformable to the New stile established by the Act of Parliament, which I gave you in my last at length; the new Act once made for Amendment of the fist Act, not affecting us in the least, being Intended only to regulate the Corporation Matters in England, before unprovided for. I have only added a Column in the Second Page of each month, containing the Days of the Old Stile opposite to their corresponding Days in the New, which may, in many Cases, be of Use; and so conclude (believing you will excuse a short preface, when it is to make Room for something better)

Thy Friend and Servant R. Saunders.

Hymn to the Creator, from Psalm CIV. Awake, my Soul! With joy they God adore; Declare his Greatness; celebrate his Pow'r; Who, cloath'd with Honour, and with Glory crown'd, Shines forth, and cheers his Universe around. Who with a radiant Veil of heavenly Light Himself conceals from all created Sight. Who rais'd the spacious Firmament on high, And spread the azure Curtain of the Sky. Whose awful Throne Heav'n's starry Arch sustains, Whose presence not Heav'n's vast Expanse restrains Whose Ways unsearchable no Eye can find, The clouds his Chariot, and his Wings the Wind. Whom Hosts of mighty Angels own their Lord, And flaming Seraphim fulfil his Word. Whose Pow'r of old the solid Earth did sound, Self-pois'd, self-center'd, and with Strength grit round;



Usage Statement:

Public Domain

Public Domain is a copyright term that is often used when talking about copyright for creative works. Under U.S. copyright law, individual items that are in the public domain are items that are no longer protected by copyright law. This means that you do not need to request permission to re-use, re-publish or even change a copy of the item. Items enter the public domain under U.S. copyright law for a number of reasons: the original copyright may have expired; the item was created by the U.S. Federal Government or other governmental entity that views the things it creates as in the public domain; the work was never protected by copyright for some other reason related to how it was produced (for example, it was a speech that wasn't written down or recorded); or the work doesn't have enough originality to make it eligible for copyright protection.

Source URL: https://www.ncpedia.org/media/poor-richards-almanack-1753