Mechanics and Farmers Bank [1]

Mechanics and Farmers Bank

by Wiley J. Williams, 2006



Portrait of some of the Founders of Mechanics & Farmers Bank, Durham, NC. From the Black History Exhibit, Durham County Centennial, 1981.

[2]The

Mechanics and Farmers Bank [3], North Carolina's oldest black [4]-owned bank, was established in 1908 in Durham [5] under the auspices of the North Carolina Mutual and Provident Association (renamed the North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company [6] in 1919). The original charter members included Richard Fitzgerald, John Merrick [7], Aaron M. Moore, William G. Pearson, J. C. Scarborough, Charles C. Spaulding [8], J. A. Dodson, and Stanford L. Warren. The bank first operated from space in the building of the North Carolina Mutual and Provident Association, later moving to a building on West Parrish Street.

Mechanics and Farmers became an important source of financing in the 1920s, saving more than 500 African American farms and residences, when its loan department provided \$200,000 in individual loans. The bank's policy stated its intent to provide "no large loans . . . to a few profiteers, but rather conservative sums to needy farmers and laborers." The bank was one of about a dozen black banks to survive the Great Depression [9] and holds the distinction of being the first lending institution in North Carolina to receive a Certificate of Authority from the Federal Housing Administration [10] (1935).

In 1999 Mechanics and Farmers shareholders approved the creation of M&F Bancorp, Inc., a holding company of which the bank became a wholly owned subsidiary. Julia Wheeler Taylor served as chair of Mechanics and Farmers from 1983 to 2000, following in the footsteps of her father John H. Wheeler, chief executive from 1952 to 1978, and her grandfather Stanford L. Warren, a cofounder and early president. In addition to its corporate headquarters and branches in Durham, the bank in 2006 had two branches in Charlotte [11], two in Raleigh [12], and one in Winston-Salem. [13]

References:

Jean B. Anderson, Durham County: A History of Durham County, North Carolina (1990).

Wyatt T. Dixon, How Times Do Change: A Series of Sketches of Durham and Her Citizens(1987).

Walter B. Weare. Black Business in the New South: A Social History of the North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company (rev. ed., 1993).

Additional Resources:

Mechanics and Farmers Bank History: https://www.mfbonline.com/about_us/our_history.html [14]

Black Wall Street, UNC Libraries: http://www.lib.unc.edu/blogs/shc/index.php/tag/mechanics-farmers-bank/ [15]

The Institute of Minority Economic Development, Parrish Street: http://www.ncimed.com/index.php?
option=com content&view=article&id=43&Itemid=126
[16]

Minority Banking Timeline: http://www.fedpartnership.gov/minority-banking-timeline/mechanics-and-farmers.cfm [17]

Black Businesses in Durham, ANCHOR. https://www.ncpedia.org/anchor/black-businesses-durham [18]

Durham, NC, History of Parrish Street: http://www.durhamnc.gov/departments/eed/parrish/p_history.cfm [19]

Image Credits:

Some of the Founders of Mechanics & Farmers Bank. Photograph. 1900. Durham, N.C.: Durham County Public Library. https://durhamcountylibrary.org/exhibits/dhpa/photo archives/c/c060.php [20] (accessed May 17, 2022).

Subjects:

Banks and banking [21]
N.C. Industrial Revolution (1900-1929) [22]

Authors:

Williams, Wiley J. [23]

Origin - location:

Durham County [24]

Durham [25]

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Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press. [26]

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Links

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