

## Nantahala National Forest <sup>[1]</sup>

### Nantahala National Forest

by Elizabeth Hardin, 2006



"5720 feet overlooking the Nantahala National Forest from Devil's Courthouse." Image courtesy of Janet Tarbox.

<sup>[2]</sup>The **Nantahala National Forest** <sup>[3]</sup>, established in 1920, is located in the most southern portion of the **Appalachian Mountains** <sup>[4]</sup> in North Carolina. Covering thousands of acres in parts of **Macon** <sup>[5]</sup>, **Jackson** <sup>[6]</sup>, **Transylvania** <sup>[7]</sup>, **Graham** <sup>[8]</sup>, and **Swain Counties** <sup>[9]</sup> and managed by the **U.S. Forest Service** <sup>[10]</sup>, it is the largest of North Carolina's four national forests. Named for the Indian word meaning "land of the noonday sun," Nantahala is publicly held and managed for numerous purposes, including timber production, agriculture, wildlife management and preservation, and recreation. The Nantahala region features a number of mountain streams with cascades and waterfalls, deep pools, and rivers as well as many ponds and lakes, some very large. At 3,013 feet, Nantahala Lake, created when a dam was built across the **Nantahala River** <sup>[11]</sup>, has the highest elevation of any lake in North Carolina. The river itself is found in the **Nantahala Gorge** <sup>[11]</sup>, which follows along a fracture zone called Murphy's fault. The river then flows northeast and drops 900 feet into **Fontana Lake** <sup>[12]</sup>.

The 3,800-acre **Joyce Kilmer Memorial Forest** <sup>[13]</sup>, part of the Nantahala National Forest and the **Joyce Kilmer-Slickrock Wilderness** <sup>[14]</sup>, is one of the largest areas of old-growth trees, or virgin forest, in the eastern United States. It was dedicated in 1936 in honor of poet **Joyce Kilmer** <sup>[15]</sup>. Famous for his poem "Trees," Kilmer was killed in action during **World War I** <sup>[16]</sup>. A two-mile **National Recreation Trail** <sup>[17]</sup> allows visitors to walk among towering trees such as poplars, hemlocks, and oaks, many of which are hundreds of years old.

#### References:

James Bannon, *North Carolina: A Guide to Backcountry Travel and Adventure*(1996).

Sharyn Kane and Richard Keaton, *Southern National Forests* (1993).

George Scheer, *North Carolina: A Guide to the Old North State*(1982).

#### Additional Resources:

**Nantahala National Forest:** <sup>[3]</sup>USDA Forest Service

#### Image Credit:

"5720 feet overlooking the Nantahala National Forest from Devil's Courthouse." Image courtesy of Janet Tarbox. Available from <https://www.flickr.com/photos/tarboxje/6098694064/> <sup>[2]</sup> (accessed November 27, 2012).

#### Subjects:

**Forests and forestry** <sup>[18]</sup>

**Places** <sup>[19]</sup>

#### Authors:

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#### Origin - location:

**Graham County** <sup>[21]</sup>

**Jackson County** <sup>[22]</sup>

**Macon County** <sup>[23]</sup>

**Swain County** <sup>[24]</sup>

**Transylvania County** <sup>[25]</sup>

#### From:

**Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press.** <sup>[26]</sup>

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