

## **Textiles- Part 1: Introduction** <sup>[1]</sup>

### **Textiles**

by Brent D. Glass and Kelly Kress, 2006

Additional research provided by Gene Purcell and Douglas A. Wait.

See also: [Burlington Industries](#) <sup>[2]</sup>; [Cannon Mills](#) <sup>[3]</sup>; [Chatham Manufacturing Company](#) <sup>[4]</sup>; [Coleman Manufacturing Company](#) <sup>[5]</sup>; [Cone Mills Corporation](#) <sup>[6]</sup>; [A Brief History of the Clayton Cotton Mill](#) <sup>[7]</sup>; [Cotton Mills](#) <sup>[8]</sup>; [Gastonia Strike](#) <sup>[9]</sup>; [Glencoe](#) <sup>[10]</sup>; [Hanes Brands](#) <sup>[11]</sup>; [Harriet-Henderson Cotton Mills Strike](#) <sup>[12]</sup>; [Life in Textile Mill Villages](#) <sup>[13]</sup>; [Textile Strike of 1934](#) <sup>[14]</sup>; [Childhood in the Textile Mill Villages](#) <sup>[15]</sup>; [The Evolution of Textile Mill Villages](#) <sup>[16]</sup>; [Textile](#) <sup>[17]</sup>

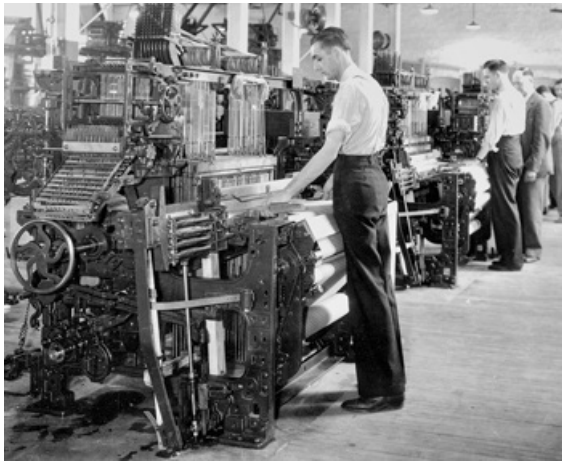
[Textiles- Part 1: Introduction](#)

[Textiles- Part 2: The Rise of the North Carolina Textile Industry](#) <sup>[18]</sup>

[Textiles- Part 3: Mill Villages, Labor Disputes, and Twentieth-Century Technologies](#) <sup>[19]</sup>

[Textiles- Part 4: Decline, Consolidation, and the Future of Textiles in the State](#) <sup>[20]</sup>

#### **Part 1: Introduction**



A senior textiles class at North Carolina State College, 1938. Courtesy of North Carolina Office of Archives and History, Raleigh.

[Textiles](#) <sup>[17]</sup>, various forms of fibers, yarn, cloth, and other materials, along with the clothing and apparel made from textiles, have been among North Carolina's most important products since the early nineteenth century. As the textile industry expanded and North Carolina became a worldwide leader in textile production, the poor working conditions of the state's mills, often populated by women and children, became the focal point of aggressive but generally fruitless union activity. After decades of high production, the industry began to face massive economic challenges during the 1970s as foreign imports of clothing and apparel increased dramatically. Further elimination of trade restrictions resulting from treaties such as the [North Atlantic Free Trade Agreement](#) <sup>[21]</sup> (NAFTA) between the United States, Canada, and Mexico, which went into effect in 1994, severely affected North Carolina's textile industry. Despite many factory closings and job losses, however, North Carolina in 2004 continued to be a national leader in textile production, employing more than one-quarter of the textile workers and 6 percent of the apparel workers in the United States.

Continue Reading >> [Textiles- Part 2: The Rise of the North Carolina Textile Industry](#) <sup>[18]</sup> ➡ <sup>[18]</sup>

#### **References:**

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Jacquelyn Dowd Hall and others, *Like a Family: The Making of a Southern Cotton Mill World*(1987).

Harriet L. Herring, *Passing of the Mill Village: Revolution in a Southern Institution*(1949).

**Subjects:**

Textile industry <sup>[17]</sup>

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