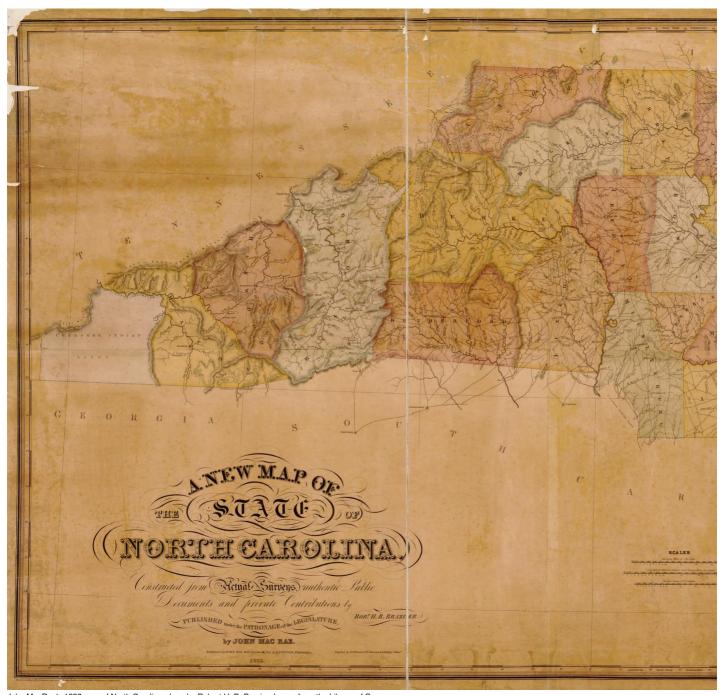
Brazier, Robert H. B. [1]

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by George Stevenson, 1979; Revised by Andrea Smythe, SLNC Government and Heritage Library, November 2023

d. January 5, 1837



John MacRae's 1833 map of North Carolina, done by Robert H. B. Brazier. Image from the Library of Congress.

Robert H. B. Brazier, cartographer and civil engineer, was born in Great Britain. His parents are unknown. In Britain, he received his professional training under India Indi

Despite salary reductions during the years 1820 through 1823, Brazier completed surveys and drew maps, plans, profiles, and transverse sections of the principal North Carolina watercourses from Yadkin River. east to Roanoke Inlet. In 1821 and 1822, he was appointed by the General Assembly to lay out and map the streets dFayetteville. It is probably during this time that he made the acquaintance of the legislator, newspaper publisher, and Fayetteville postmaster, John MacRae. In After a disagreement over his account of expenses, Brazier resigned his office as assistant engineer effective February 19, 1824. He wrote a letter demanding that his account be settled and the board of internal improvements viewed it as a "disrespectful" letter. Brazier filed a lawsuit against the board which was successfully concluded in Wake County Superior Court when he was awarded damages in 1825.

In the two years after his resignation Brazier made patent drawings and undertook privatesurveying, plincluding the survey of the Buncombe Turnpike. In 1827, Brazier entered a new contract with the board of internal improvements. He commenced a survey of the state's swamp lands in the spring of 1827 as the assistant engineer to the state. Brazier served under principal engineer Alanson Nash during this survey. Nash had replaced Hamilton Fulton. After presenting his report on the swamp lands to the General Assembly late in 1827, and his expense accounts to the board of internal improvements early in 1828, Brazier's connection with internal improvements in North Carolina came to an end.

For the next few years, Brazier supported his family by private surveying and by delineating survey plats for landowners in Wake 100 and surrounding counties. His map of the route from Raleigh to Cobb's Mill (1831), his survey plat of the 7,383-acre Jeffreys tract in Wake and Franklin 100 counties (1832), and his plan of the Rolesville tract in Wake County (1833) are examples of his work in the private sector. In 1831, Brazier again applied for the position of principal engineer to the State of Virginia. Governor Montfort Stokes [12], jurist and U.S. senator James Iredell [13], Attorney General Romulus M. Saunders [14], and others testified to his skill as a practical surveyor, stating that "as a Draughtsman, it is believed that [Brazier] has no superior in the country." Brazier did not receive the position, though he was given brief employment by the Virginia Board of Public Works. In 1831 he completed "A Plan of the Blackwater River from New South Quay to Rattlesnake Swamp" and "A Survey of a Proposed Line of Canal from Blackwater River to Pagan Creek Near Smithfield."

In July 1831, Brazier had completed most of the surveying required for a new map of the state of North Carolina, and his finished manuscript was ready for the engraver in 1832. John MacRae had conceived of the idea for the map in 1825 and it was approved by the General Assembly in 1826. Despite securing the services of Lieutenant William Henry Harford of the U.S. Corps of Engineers to produce the map, MacRae had not had success creating the map until asking Brazier to help. The responsibility for engraving the map was entrusted to Henry Schenck Tanner of Philadelphia, and the finished prints were published jointly by MacRae in Fayetteville and Tanner in Philadelphia in 1833. Published under the title "A New Map of the State of North Carolina Constructed from Actual Surveys, Authentic Public Documents and Private Contributions." This map was the first authoritative work of its kind since the 1808 map published by Jonathan Price (16) and John Strother (16). Brazier's map of North Carolina remained the standard authority for cartographers until 1857, when it was superseded by the compilation of William D. Cooke (17) and Samuel Pearce (16).

Shortly before working for McRae, Brazier began suffering from financial hardship. In May 1830 the mortgage on his Raleigh property had been foreclosed, and both real and personal property had been lost. In 1833 the charitable fund of Christ Church in Raleigh came to the aid of Brazier's family. In an attempt to restore his finances, Brazier joined eleven associates in a speculative venture involving some Campbellton lots in Fayetteville in 1834, but this speculation failed to recoup his fortunes. In 1836 he again asked for assistance from Christ Church. After Raleigh had a severe ice storm in 1836, Brazier "fell from a pair of high steps, and fractured his leg so badly, that he died of the effects." He was survived by his wife, Rachel, and his young son, James Henderson. Considering the help from Christ church and that his wife and son were both members of the Episcopal church of the Brazier was Anglican of the Brazier's death was recorded in the records for Christ Episcopal Church. This record stated he was "a most excellent draftsman, and otherwise accomplished in his profession, but with the talents of an angel a man may become a fool. He came to his death by his own folly and wickedness."

Brazier's principal surviving maps and surveys also include: "Plan of Croatan and Roanoke Sounds Shewing the Proposed Situations of the Embankments and Inlet" (1820); "Plan and Sections of Part of Crab Tree and Walnut Creeks" (1820); "Plan of the Tar River to the Tossnot Creek and a Survey of that Creek to its Junction with the Contentney" (1820); "Plan and Sections of Part of Crab Tree and Walnut Creeks" (1820); "Plan of the Tar River from Louisburg to the Little Falls Showing the Proposed Situation of the Locks and Dams" (1821); "Longitudinal Section of the Tar River from Louisburg to the Great Falls" (1821); "Transverse Sections of the Tar River from Louisburg and the Great Falls" (1821); "Transverse Sections of the Cape Fear River [21] Between Buckhorn Falls and Campbellton" (1821); "Plan of the Cape Fear River Between Haywood and Campbellton And of a Proposed Line of Canal Between Foxes Islands and Campbellton" (1822); "Survey of the Cape Fear River from the Upper to the Lower Flats" (1823); "Plan of the Catawba River from the Devils Shoals to Near Sherril's Ford" (1824); "Longitudinal Section of the Catawba River from the Devils Shoals to Near Sherril's Ford" (1824); "Longitudinal Section of the Catawba River from the Devils Shoals to Near Sherril's Ford" (1824); "Longitudinal Section of the Catawba River from the Devils Shoals to Near Sherril's Ford" (1824); "Longitudinal Section of the Catawba River from the Devils Shoals to Near Sherril's Ford" (1824); "Longitudinal Section of the Catawba River from the Devils Shoals to Near Sherril's Ford" (1824); "Plan of that Part of Uhara Swamp Lying Between Sullivan's Mills & Lumber River in the County of Robeson" (1827); "Survey of the Great Swamp, Columbus County" (1827); "Plan of that Part of Uhara Swamp Lying Between Road Leading from Jackson to Bryan's Cross Roads and Pottocasy Creek in the County of Northampton" (1827); "Plan of Hat Part of Uhara Swamp Lying Between Albemarle and Pamlico Sounds" (1828); "Plan of the State Road from Fayetteville, Raleigh, Lou

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Subjects

Biographies [35]
Cartographers and surveyors [36]
Authors:
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Origin - location: Franklin County [38] Wake County [39]

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