

deMille, Cecil Blount ^[1]

Share it now!



☆☆☆☆☆
Average: 5 (1 vote)

deMille, Cecil Blount

by Louise L. Pitman, 1986

12 Aug. 1881–21 Jan. 1959



Cecil B. deMille. Image courtesy of the NC Office of Archives and History.

^[2]Cecil Blount deMille, motion picture producer, was born in Ashfield, Mass., the second son of [Henry Churchill deMille](#) ^[3], playwright and partner of [David Belasco](#) ^[4], and Matilda Beatrice Samuel, teacher and later founder of the De Mille Play Company and screenwriter. His older brother [William C. deMille](#) ^[5] was a playwright, motion picture director, and professor of drama at the [University of Southern California](#) ^[6]. His first American ancestor, Anthony deMille, arrived in New Amsterdam in 1658 from Amsterdam, Holland; his son Pieter became mayor of New Amsterdam. Another ancestor, [William Blount](#) ^[7] of North Carolina, was a signer of the [Constitution](#) ^[8].

Cecil B. deMille spent his boyhood in Washington, N.C., New York City, and Echo Lake and Pompton, N.J. He was educated at a private school in Pompton, the Pennsylvania Military Academy, Chester, Pa., and the [American Academy of Dramatic Arts](#) ^[9], New York. In his early career he was a playwright and stage producer, one of the organizers of the Standard Opera Company, and an associate of his mother in the De Mille Play Company. In 1913 he was a founder, with Samuel Goldwyn and Jesse L. Lasky, of the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Company for which he was director general; the company merged in 1918 to become [Famous Players-Lasky](#) ^[10], and in 1927 to become [Paramount Pictures Corp](#) ^[11]. In 1924 he established [DeMille Pictures Corp.](#) ^[12] and in 1928 joined [Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer](#) ^[13] as producer-director. He returned to Paramount as independent producer in 1932.



Cecil B. deMille. Image courtesy of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences.

^[14]In the next forty-three years (1913–56), Cecil B. deMille produced some seventy

pictures, beginning with *The Squaw Man* in 1913. Others of note were *Carmen* and *Joan the Woman*, both starring the metropolitan soprano, Geraldine Farrar. Later came *The Ten Commandments*, *The Volga Boatman*, *The King of Kings*, *Dynamite* (his first sound film), *The Sign of the Cross*, *Cleopatra*, *The Crusaders*, *The Plainsman*, *The Buccaneer*, *Union Pacific*, *The Story of Dr. Wassell*, *Samson and Delilah*, *The Greatest Show on Earth*, and finally a second *Ten Commandments*.

He was producer of the Lux Radio Theatre ^[15] of the Air from 1 June 1936 to 22 Jan. 1945, when he was dropped rather than pay a one-dollar political assessment levied by the American Federation of Radio Artists. In addition, he was founder of Mercury Aviation Company, one of the first American airlines to carry air freight and passengers commercially on regularly scheduled runs; vice-president and chairman of motion picture loans for Commercial National Trust and Savings Bank of Los Angeles, which was purchased by the Bank of Italy and later became the Bank of America; and president of the DeMille Foundation for Political Freedom, which was dissolved after his death.

In August 1902 deMille married Constance Adams, daughter of Judge Frederick Adams of East Orange, N.J. They had a daughter Cecilia Hoyt (Mrs. Joseph Harper) and an adopted daughter and two sons.

Cecil B. deMille was a Republican ^[16] and an Episcopalian ^[17]. He died in Hollywood, Calif., and was buried in the family plot in Hollywood Cemetery.

References:

Charlotte Observer, 21 Dec. 1941.

DAB, Supplement, vol. 6 (1980).

Cecil B. deMille, *Autobiography* (1959).

Charles Higham, *Cecil B. DeMille* (1937).

New York Times, 22, 24, 28 Jan. 1959.

Washington Daily News, 21 Jan. 1959.

Who Was Who in America, vol. 3 (1960).

Additional Resources:

"Demille Family." N.C. Highway Historical Marker B-28, N.C. Office of Archives & History. <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?sp=Markers&k=Markers&sv=B-28> ^[18] (accessed May 8, 2013).

Cecil Blount deMille Archives: <http://files.lib.byu.edu/ead/XML/MSS1400.xml> ^[19]

Cecil B. DeMille Photographs, the Margaret Herrick Library Digital Collections: <http://collections.oscars.org/link/photos/1091/> ^[14]

Cecil B. DeMille in IMDB: <https://www.imdb.com/name/nm0001124/> ^[20]

DeMille, Cecil B. (Cecil Blount), 1881-1959 in Library of Congress: <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80073529.html> ^[21]

Cecil B. DeMille (American, 1881–1959), MoMA: http://www.moma.org/collection/artist.php?artist_id=32223 ^[22]

Cecil B. DeMille, LA Times: <http://projects.latimes.com/hollywood/star-walk/cecil-b-demille/> ^[23]

Image Credits:

"Demille Family." N.C. Highway Historical Marker B-28, N.C. Office of Archives & History. <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?sp=Markers&k=Markers&sv=B-28> ^[18] (accessed May 8, 2013).

Cecil B. DeMille Photographs, the Margaret Herrick Library Digital Collections, the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences. Available from <http://digitalcollections.oscars.org/cdm/landingpage/collection/p15759coll14> ^[24] (accessed May 8, 2013).

Subjects:

Artists ^[25]

Biography ^[26]

Business leaders ^[27]

UNC Press ^[28]

Authors:

Pitman, Louise L. ^[29]

Origin - location:

Beaufort County ^[30]

From:

Dictionary of North Carolina Biography, University of North Carolina Press.^[31]

1 January 1986 | Pitman, Louise L.

Source URL: <https://www.ncpedia.org/biography/demille-cecil-blount>

Links

- [1] <https://www.ncpedia.org/biography/demille-cecil-blount>
- [2] <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?sp=map&sv=B-28>
- [3] <https://www.ncpedia.org/biography/demille-henry-churchill>
- [4] <http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/59144/David-Belasco>
- [5] <https://www.ncpedia.org/biography/demille-william-churchill>
- [6] <http://www.usc.edu/>
- [7] <https://www.ncpedia.org/biography/blount-william>
- [8] <https://www.ncpedia.org/government/nc-constitution-history>
- [9] <http://www.aada.org/home/home.html>
- [10] <http://www.silentera.com/PSFL/companies/F/famousPlayersLaskyCorp.html>
- [11] <http://www.paramount.com/>
- [12] <https://www.imdb.com/company/co0009225/>
- [13] <http://www.mgm.com/>
- [14] <http://collections.oscars.org/link/photos/1091/>
- [15] <https://archive.org/details/Lux03>
- [16] <https://www.ncpedia.org/republican-party>
- [17] <https://www.ncpedia.org/religion/episcopal-church>
- [18] <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?sp=Markers&k=Markers&sv=B-28>
- [19] <http://files.lib.byu.edu/ead/XML/MSS1400.xml>
- [20] <https://www.imdb.com/name/nm0001124/>
- [21] <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names/n80073529.html>
- [22] http://www.moma.org/collection/artist.php?artist_id=32223
- [23] <http://projects.latimes.com/hollywood/star-walk/cecil-b-demille/>
- [24] <http://digitalcollections.oscars.org/cdm/landingpage/collection/p15759coll14>
- [25] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/subjects/artist>
- [26] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/subjects/biography-term>
- [27] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/subjects/business-leaders>
- [28] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/subjects/unc-press>
- [29] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/authors/pitman-louise-l>
- [30] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-22>
- [31] <https://www.ncpedia.org/category/entry-source/dictionary-no>