# Durham [1]

## **Durham**

by Steven Case NC Government & Heritage Library, [2] 2010.

See also: Durham [3] (UNC Press)



Panoramic photograph, American Tobacco factory in Durham looking to the East, 1926 (Courtesy Digital Durham)

Durham is the county seat of <u>Durham County</u> [5]. Originally, the land--through which a major Native American trading route passed--was inhabited by such tribes as the <u>Occaneechi</u> [6] and Eno. The town grew up around the railroad station (on the Raleigh-Hillsborough rail line) that was built on 4 acres of land sold to the railroad by <u>Dr. Bartlett Durham</u> [7] in 1854. It was incorporated in 1866.

After the Civil War, tobacco trading began to expand, and Durham became a major center for the industry. The American Tobacco Company [8]--founded by the Duke family [9]--was headquartered in the city for almost a century. The sale of tobacco spurred economic growth in the area and influenced the fortunes of families like the Dukes [10], whose ongoing endowment in part funds Duke University [11]. Tobacco also indirectly led to Durham's nickname of the "Bull City," after a Durham bull became the advertising emblem of Durham Smoking Tobacco (Wise 2002 [12]).

Durham also became a vital center for African Americans in the state. Such institutions as the North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Co [13]. (founded 1898--the first such African-American owned company in the country), and the Mechanics and Farmers Bank [14] (founded 1907) were the nucleus of what came to be known as Black Wall Street [15]." In 1910, the first publicly supported liberal arts university for African Americans (NC [16]Central University [17]) was founded. Later, during the Civil Rights era [18], an early sit-in, which occurred at the Royal Ice Cream Company [19] in 1957, tested the legal limits of segregation.

In the 1920s and '30s, musicians such as <u>Blind Boy Fuller</u> [20] and <u>Blind Reverend Gary Davis</u> [21] helped create the Bull City Blues. The following video is a short documentary on Richard Trice and the Bull City Blues.

The <u>American Dance Festival</u>  $_{[22]}$ , the <u>Bull Durham Blues Festival</u>, the <u>Full Frame Documentary Documentary Film Festival</u>  $_{[23]}$ , the <u>Festival for the Eno</u>  $_{[24]}$ , the <u>Nasher Museum of Art</u>  $_{[25]}$ --all of these show that Durham was and remains a vibrant center for culture and the arts. Despite the departure of the tobacco giants and the manufacturing sector, Durham has continued to grow. Revitalization projects such as the <u>American Tobacco Historic District</u>  $_{[26]}$  and the <u>Durham Performing Arts Center</u>  $_{[27]}$  show that it remains a vital part of <u>Piedmont</u>  $_{[28]}$  North Carolina.

### **Durham's estimated population:**

1980: 101,149 1990: 136,612 2000: 187,035 2008: 228,480 2009: 234,140 2010: 229,466

## Durham's land area (square miles):

1980: 42.32 1990: 70.218

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2000: 94.636 2008: 105.502

#### References and additional resources:

Data from the NC State Data Center: https://www.osbm.nc.gov [29]

"The Bull City: a Short History of Durham, North Carolina." North Carolina Collection, Durham County Public Library. <a href="https://durhamcounty.bibliocommons.com/v2/record/S169C779548">https://durhamcounty.bibliocommons.com/v2/record/S169C779548</a> [30]

Digital Durham: Life and labor in the new South. Duke University. http://digitaldurham.duke.edu/ [31]

"Durham History at a glance." Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau. https://www.discoverdurham.com [32]

Educator Company. 1895. Hand-book of Durham, North Carolina: A brief and accurate description of a prosperous and growing southern manufacturing town. Durham: Educator Co. <a href="https://archive.org/details/handbookofdurham00educ">https://archive.org/details/handbookofdurham00educ</a> [33]

Powell, William Stevens, and Michael R. Hill. 2010. The North Carolina gazetteer: a dictionary of Tar Heel places and their history [34]. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press. p. 162.

Powell, William Stevens, and Jay Mazzocchi. 2006. Encyclopedia of North Carolina. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press. p. 361-2.

"A Short History of the Bull City." Preservation Durham. https://www.preservationdurham.org/ [35]

Wise, James E. 2002. Durham: A Bull City story. Charleston, SC: Arcadia. https://search.worldcat.org/title/50700961 [36]

### Image credits:

Panoramic photograph, American Tobacco factory in Durham looking to the East. 1926. Greater Durham Chamber of Commerce papers, oversize, <u>Rare Book, Manuscript, and Special Collections Library</u> [37], Duke University, Durham, North Carolina. <a href="http://digitaldurham.duke.edu/hueism.php?x=photograph&id=500">http://digitaldurham.duke.edu/hueism.php?x=photograph&id=500</a> [4]

### Subjects:

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