Haywood, William Henry, Jr. 111 Haywood, William Henry, Jr.

by Beth Crabtree, 1988

23 Oct. 1801-7 Oct. 1852



Portrait of William Henry Haywood, Jr. by Daniel Huntington, circa 1845-1850. Image from Tryon

Palace. [2] William Henry Haywood, Jr., U.S. senator, legislator, and lawyer, was born in Raleigh [3]. His father, William Henry Haywood, Sr., planter and banker, was a prominent public figure in the newly established capital of North Carolina. Young Haywood attended the Raleigh Male Academy and in 1819 was graduated from The University of North Carolina. After studying law, he was admitted to the state bar in 1822. He served in the House of Commons of the North Carolina General Assembly [4] in 1831 and 1834–36; in the latter year, he was speaker of the house.

Haywood was active in keeping Raleigh as the state capital when there were efforts to remove it after <u>dire destroyed the capital</u> [5] in 1831. He also pushed an appropriation for the construction of a new<u>state house</u> [6] in Raleigh. As a friend and correspondent of <u>David L. Swain</u> [7] (governor and president of <u>The University of North Carolina</u> [8]), Haywood was interested in the <u>North Carolina Historical Society</u> [9] which Swain had founded. He wrote Swain of his hopes that the society would arouse state pride in its citizens and advised him to seek a set of "State Papers" for the university library.

Elected to the U.S. Senate by the Romulus Saunders [10] and Bedford Brown [11] wing of the Democratic party [12], Haywood served from March 1843 to July 1846. He was a university classmate and lifelong friend of James K. Polk [13] and supported Polk in the presidential election of 1844, offering advice on campaign procedures and rallying the Democratic party in North Carolina. He was critical of the state's lack of interest and non-involvement in national politics. Haywood was active in arrangements for President Polk's return to speak at a university commencement in Chapel Hill.

Haywood also corresponded with President Martin Van Buren [14]. He was offered an appointment as chargé d'affaires to Belgium by Van Buren but declined. In letters to Van Buren, he expressed his views on the national bank, the deposit act, and the subtreasury bill. On the matter of public lands, Haywood protested the instruction of senators to vote against reducing or graduating the price of these lands because it was contrary to the interest of the "Old States." In the U.S. Senate, he was a member of the committee on privileges and elections; he also prepared a sketch on the bill for the annexation of Texas. When the low tariff bill, reflecting the views of Robert J. Walker, was introduced in 1845, Haywood opposed it as an unwise measure which he could not support. Rather than vote against his party, he resigned his seat in the Senate, returning to North Carolina and the practice of law. He was regarded by his contemporaries as the "able and astute Haywood," who achieved "a high position at the bar."

Haywood was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. In February 1826 he married Jane Graham of New Bern, and they had three sons and six daughters: Edward Graham, Duncan Cameron, William Henry, Elizabeth, Annie, Jane, Minerva, Margaret, and Gertrude. Haywood was buried in City Cemetery, Raleigh.

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