

State Dog, Plott Hound ^[1]



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State Dog of North Carolina: Plott Hound

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Originally titled "Historical Hound."

See also: [North Carolina State Symbols and Official Adoptions main page](#) ^[2]



Lucky, an unregistered Plott, owned by Rick and Libby Baghy. Photo by Tom Styers. Used by permission.

Plott Hound

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The Plott Hound was officially adopted as the State Dog on August 12, 1989. (**Session Laws, 1989, c. 773** ^[3]).

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Back in the mid- to late 1800s, people from as far away as Georgia traveled regularly to [Haywood County](#) ^[6] to get puppies from the Plott family. They would arrive with sacks on the backs of their mules or horses to carry home the prized dogs. The Plotts raised hardworking, tenacious, and loyal dogs that would hunt bear and wild boar with boundless courage. The dogs—once black, brown, or brindle—are now usually brindle (which is a mix of black, browns, and tans). They stand twenty to twenty-five inches at the shoulder, weigh about forty-five to fifty-five pounds, and are strong and fast. The Plott hound, as this kind of dog is known today, has a unique high-pitched bark that alerts hunters as it tracks and corners prey. What's the rest of the story behind North Carolina's state dog?

The Plott hound is the only officially recognized breed of dog developed in North Carolina. (It is one of only four dog

breeds native to the United States.) The foundation stock (or ancestors) for the dogs that became Plott hounds came to America with Johannes Plott in 1750. These five dogs had been a gift from Plott's father, Elias, a gamekeeper near Heidelberg, Germany. Elias Plott bred canines to be multipurpose workers—they needed to be exceptional big-game hunters, as well as farm and herding dogs. He probably started with the Hanoverian hound in developing his dogs. In the North Carolina Mountains, the Plott family further refined the breed into the tracking and hunting Plott hound that we know today.



A handler and their Plott Hound participating in a dog show. Plott hounds' loyalty to their owners makes them great show dogs. Photo courtesy of the American Kennel Club.

of the first nine years of Johannes Plott's life in America. After his ship's record of his travel, he does not appear in public records again until 1759, when he bought land in Bute (now Warren ^[8]) County. He had changed his name to the Anglicized, or translated to English, name of George Plott. Within a year, Plott moved to Cabarrus County ^[9], where he lived until moving to Lincoln County ^[10] in 1784, raising a family and breeding dogs. His dogs likely had much work to do in the forests and small farms of the Tar Heel backcountry.

George Plott's son Henry kept improving the Plott hound. He moved to Buncombe (now Haywood ^[6]) County about 1800. Within a few years the area was known as Plott Valley; the mountain, Plott Balsam; and the waterway, Plott Creek. The region is still home to many Plott descendants. Here the family's dogs learned to hunt bear in the wilderness, much as their ancestors had hunted in Germany's Black Forest.

The Plott family did not keep written records about its dogs, but it was skilled in raising them. By the time Montraville Plott was born in 1850, Plott hounds were well established and highly prized in western North Carolina. He continued to improve the breed's temperament and performance. Word spread about their superior working and hunting talents, courage, and tenacity. Montraville Plott was dedicated to his dogs, passing along that devotion to his children and many friends. Two of his sons, John A. Plott and Henry Vaughn "Von" Plott, along with a few other hunters, captured the interest of hunters nationwide in the 1930s and 1940s with the dogs.

In 1998 the American Kennel Club (AKC) recognized the Plott hound ^[11] as a distinctive breed. The Plott has been North Carolina's state dog since 1989, but having been bred for hunting and tracking, it is not often seen walking on a leash around a suburban neighborhood. People who love Plott hounds describe the dogs as gentle with people and loyal to their owners. But if you were walking a Plott hound on a trail, and the dog caught the scent of a wild animal, it likely would want to take off on a hunt. Bold and energetic, Plotts want to work, no doubt about it.

Audio:



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References and additional resources:

"Plott Hound." American Kennel Club. <https://www.akc.org/dog-breeds/plott-hound/> ^[12]

Resources in Worldcat ^[13]

Image credits:

Styers, Tom. "Lucky." 2008. Staying on Track with Lucky's Plott [14].

Slideshow from the North Carolina State Archives Flickr feed [15].

Additional Plott Hound images available from Haywood County Public Library through DigitalNC [16].

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